

今や世界の人口は60億をすでに突破し、いったいどこまで増えるのか心配ですが、人口が増えると何か起きるのでしょうか。ここでは女性の役割の変化という視点から考えてみましょう。

With the population explosion, the pressure on women to marry is going to be reduced, and the pressure to be mothers is going to be enormously reduced. For the first time in history we're not going to tell a woman that "your principal glory is to be (①)."

explosion
爆発

enormously
非常に
principal
主要な

By telling women that their major job was to be wives and mothers, we told most men their major job was to be (②), so men often could not do the things they wanted to do most. We always talk about (③) women might have had, if they hadn't had those five children. But (④) looks at fathers and thinks what a wonderful life he'd have had if he hadn't had those five children.

stockbroker
株式仲買人
inherit
相続する

He might have been able to paint instead of being a stockbroker. Or a musician, instead of running (to, as, inherited, store, a, he, jewelry). When you shut women up in a home and require wifehood and motherhood, you shut men up and require husbandhood and fatherhood at the same time. As we reduce the requirements for motherhood, we reduce the requirements for fatherhood. And we'll release a lot of people to be individuals and (to, as, contributions, individuals, make), rather than as parents.

contribution
貢献

(玉川大)

1. 上の文を読み、各問いに答えなさい。

(1) 本文の①～④に入るものを、それぞれ㉠～㉣から1つずつ選びなさい。

① ㉠ a husband and father ㉡ a wife and mother ㉢ a wife and a husband

② ㉤ breadwinners ㉥ good fathers ㉦ good teachers

③ ㉧ good children ㉨ good husbands ㉩ the wonderful careers

④ ㉪ anybody ㉫ everybody ㉬ nobody

(2) ⑤と⑥の()内の語を、意味が通るように並べかえなさい。

⑤
⑥

2. 次の各文の()内の語を、意味が通るように適切な形に直しなさい。

① I wish I (study) when I was young. ()

② I wish he (be) here with me now. ()

③ If you (come) earlier, you could have seen the parade. ()

④ If you (have) a million dollars, what would you do? ()

⑤ Ken, it's high time you (go) to bed. ()

3. 次の各問いの日本語を参考に、()内に適語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

① 少年は小さな部屋に閉じ込められていました。

The boy was () () in a small room.

② 少年は初めて外に出ることができました。

The boy was able to go out () the () time.

③ 少年は家にいるのではなく外に出ることができました。

The boy was able to go out () () staying at home.

④ 少年は家にいるよりはむしろ外で遊ぶでしょう。

The boy will play outside () () stay at home.

⑤ 同時に、少年はスポーツを楽しむことができます。

The boy is able to enjoy sports () the () time.

4. 次の英文を日本語に訳しなさい。

One day my dad stood up and blood poured out of his mouth. We rushed him to the hospital. The doctors said something had burst in his intestines. He was sent home, but a few days later it happened again. After the third time, the doctors said that if it happened again, it could kill him. (成城大)

(注) intestine 腸

重要単語句

pourage パーセンテージ billion 10億 rate 割合 growth 成長 shortage 不足
prosperity 繁栄 a large (small) population 多い(少ない)人口

11 地球と砂漠化

手引き

私たちが住む地球はさまざまな問題を抱えています。中でも砂漠化は最大の問題のひとつです。その昔、アフリカは樹木が生い茂る大地だったとは、今の様子からは想像できないのですが…

Throughout the world, about 60,000 square kilometers of land become desert each year. ①This means that a huge area of land, almost equal to the islands of Kyushu and Shikoku combined, is losing productivity each year. The situation is particularly severe in Africa. About one-third of the total land area is in danger of desertification, and ②this has affected nearly 80 percent of the farming population. The biggest causes of desertification are man-made, including overfarming and mismanagement of the land, and these are linked to the population explosion in developing countries. 10 In 1996, the Desertification Treaty was put into effect, and since then, a small number of countries have been moving forward with plans of action at the local level. However, worldwide awareness of desertification remains rather low, and funds are scarce. ③It remains to be seen whether or not Africa can eventually be 15 restored to its former green beauty. (東京経済大)

combine
組み合わせる
severe
厳しい

desertification
砂漠化

treaty
条約
put ~ into effect
(法律などを)発効させる
awareness
意識

restore
回復する

□1. 上の文を読み、各問いに答えなさい。

(1) 下線部①と②の this の内容として正しいものを、それぞれ㉠~㉣から1つずつ選びなさい。

- ① ㉠九州で毎年約6万平方キロメートルが砂漠になっていること。 ()
- ② ㉡九州と四国で合わせて約6万平方キロメートルの砂漠があること。
- ③ ㉢世界で毎年約6万平方キロメートルが砂漠になっていること。
- ④ ㉣アフリカの約3分の1が砂漠化の危機にあること。 ()
- ⑤ ㉠アフリカの砂漠化が農民に影響を与えていること。
- ⑥ ㉡アフリカの砂漠化は人為的なものであること。

(2) 下線部③を日本語に訳しなさい。

□2. 次の各問いの()内の語を、意味が通るように並べかえなさい。

① The nuclear power plant (exploding, danger, in, is, of).

② When (put, effect, the treaty, was, into)?

③ All the students (forward, have, moving, with, been) their plans.

□3. 次の各問いの日本語を参考に、()内に適語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

① あの選手は能力がケンと互角だ。

That player is () () Ken in ability.

② 生徒の5分の1はケンが勝つと思っている。

()-() of the students are sure Ken will win.

③ この試合はナショナルチームの選考と関係がある。

This game is () () the selection of the national team.

④ ナショナルチームの一員になれるのはわずかな数の選手だけである。

Only a () () of players can be the members of the national team.

□4. 次の英文を日本語に訳しなさい。ただし、①は下線部のみ訳しなさい。

① The important question to ask yourself is not whether you like the change. It simply does not matter if you like it; change will go on independent of your opinion about it. (聖心女子大)

② On one of these occasions, it became clear that there was something of importance that Colonel Bradford wanted to talk about, but for some reason he was reluctant to do so. (東京女子大)

重要関連語句

acid rain 酸性雨 carbon dioxide 二酸化炭素 oxygen 酸素 deforestation 森林破壊
pollution 汚染 environment 環境 climate 気候 temperature 気温

手引き

世界中で喫煙者は肩身の狭い思いをしているそうですが、日本はどうやら例外のようです。でも、たばこの煙は迷惑ではありませんか？ アメリカの実情を探ってみましょう。

Smoking was once popular in the United States. Men lit cigarettes for women. Hosts offered cigarettes to guests, and people smoked in offices, restaurants, taxis, and planes. In short, smoking was okay.

lit → light
火をつける
offer
すすめる

5 Well, those days are gone. Today, office workers who smoke must often go outside to do so. In restaurants, smokers must sit in the smoking section. And on planes they had better not think about smoking at all.

How should a visiting smoker from overseas behave in the United States? First, remember that smoking is prohibited in many places and that many Americans hate smoking. If you feel like having a cigarette, first look around and make sure that there are no "No Smoking" signs in the area. Then, if you are with someone, ask the person if it is okay for you to smoke. The usual question is (①) And the usual answer is "No, go right ahead." If you hear that, it is okay for you to smoke. If the person does not want you to smoke, he or she will say something like (②) or "I'd rather you didn't." Don't get angry. Remember if you weren't a smoker, you wouldn't have this problem. (東京国際大)

behave
行動する
prohibit
禁止する

sign
標示

□1 上の文を読み、各問いに答えなさい。

(1) 次の㊶～㊸の文が本文の内容と一致する場合はTを、一致しなければFを()内に書きなさい。

- ㊶ () In the past, women were not allowed to smoke in the United States.
- ㊷ () Smokers can smoke on planes even now if they want to.
- ㊸ () Foreigners can smoke anywhere in the United States.
- ㊹ () We should be considerate of others when we smoke in the United States.

(2) 本文の①と②のそれぞれに入る適切な文を選びなさい。

- ① ㊶ "Do you mind if I smoke?" ㊸ "Do you like smoking?" ()
- ② ㊷ "Yes, please," ㊹ "Please don't," ()

□2 次の各文の()内の語を、意味が通るように適切な形に直しなさい。

- ① I feel like (eat) out tonight. How about you? ()
- ② We had better not (offer) cigarettes to him. ()
- ③ Would you mind my (smoke) here? ()
- ④ I would rather Asami (study) harder when she was young. ()
- ⑤ If I (be) you, I would not do such a thing. ()

□3 次の各問いの日本語を参考に、()内に適語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

- ① 要するに、君が間違っているんだ。
() (), you are wrong.
- ② サッカーはアメリカでは人気がない。
Soccer () not () () the United States.
- ③ 夏は過ぎ去った。
Summer () ().
- ④ 見回したが、何もなかった。
I () (), but I found nothing.

□4 次の英文を日本語に訳しなさい。

① If it had not been for a few very nice people, I really think I would have just given up. (神奈川大)

② If, for example, you don't want your children to smoke, don't preach at them, and don't talk about what you want; but show them that cigarettes may keep them from making the basketball team or winning the hundred-yard dash. (千葉大)

重要関連語句

cigarette 巻きたばこ tobacco 刻みたばこ a carton of cigarette 巻きたばこ1ケース
smoker population 喫煙者人口 tobacco ad たばこの宣伝 nicotine ニコチン

医者は人の命を預かる大切な事を日々こなしています。ここに登場するクレイグ先生も使命に燃えて、ある晩の電話を受け、「患者」の家に急行するのですが、患者は実は…

The family party was in full swing when the phone rang. Dr Craig answered it. He listened carefully for a moment, then said, 'I'll come right away.' 'Do you have to go out?' his wife asked. 'If it is an urgent case, I have to go,' Dr Craig answered. 'If I should be late, please don't wait up for me.' Dr Craig drove into the night. If I don't hurry, he thought, I might be too late. The thought made him drive faster. After driving for an hour, he arrived at a house. All the lights were on. If all the family is up, the doctor thought, the situation must be serious. A woman opened the front door immediately. 'Thank God you've come, doctor,' she cried. 'It's my daughter.' A sleepy child of about six appeared in a nightdress. 'I told her,' her mother said, 'Go to bed, or I'll fetch the doctor.' See,' she shouted at the child. 'I've done it. Here's the doctor!'

urgent
緊急の

serious
深刻な
immediately
すぐに

fetch
連れて来る

(創価大)

□1 上の文を読み、各問いに答えなさい。

(1) 下線部の内容を表すものを、㉑～㉓から1つ選びなさい。

- ㉑夜遅くに出かけなければならないということ。 ()
- ㉒急がなければ遅れてしまうということ。
- ㉓急がなければ家族が起きて待っているということ。

(2) 次の①と②の㉔～㉖から、本文の内容と一致するものを1つずつ選びなさい。

- ① ㉔クレイグ先生は迷ったが、結局出かけた。 ()
 - ㉔クレイグ先生は奥さんに止められたので、出かけるかどうか迷った。
 - ㉕クレイグ先生は急いで出かけた。
 - ㉖クレイグ先生は出かけたが、途中で道に迷った。
- ② ㉗クレイグ先生が着いた家では、事態が深刻であった。 ()
 - ㉗クレイグ先生が着いた家では、子どもが病気で寝ていた。
 - ㉘クレイグ先生が着いた家では、子どもがもう寝ていた。
 - ㉙クレイグ先生が着いた家では、子どもがまだ起きていた。

□2 次の各組の文が同じ意味になるように、()内に適語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

- ① If you don't get up now, you will be late again.
() () now, () you will be late again.
- ② If you study harder, you will pass the exam.
() (), () you will pass the exam.
- ③ Must I go out now?
Do I () () go out now?

□3 次の各問いの日本語を参考に、()内に適語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

- ① 歓迎会は最高潮である。
The welcome party is () () ().
- ② すぐに戻ります。
I'll be back () ().
- ③ 母は私を寝ないで待つ。
Mother () () () me.
- ④ 明かりはすべてついている。
All the lights () ().

□4 次の英文を日本語に訳しなさい。

① The UN is not the "policeman" of the world. However, many other people believe that if a country cannot care for or protect its citizens then that country needs to be "policed" from the outside. (獨協大)

② If environmental pollution in one country, for example, is causing death and disease in another, the international community must be prepared to act. (獨協大)

重要関連語句

emergency 緊急事態 accident 事故 ambulance 救急車 fire truck 消防車
police car パトカー police 警察 patrol 巡回 riot police 警察機動隊