

1

問 1

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
エ	イ	ウ	イ	イ	イ

問 2

(a)	(b)	(c)
ア	ウ	イ

問 3

- (A) 2000 年に、所得の低い家庭に生まれた、約 1 万 7 百人の子供たち
- 
- (B) 幼少時の飢餓の経験が、子供たちの社会的、情緒的、また知的な能力に与えた負の影響
- 

問 4

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
×	×	○	○	○	○

問 5

ウ
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2

問 1

- (1) 道路の左側
- (2) 信号機の取り替え、道路標識の変更、車線区分線の変更、バス停とタクシー乗り場の移動、運転手の適応や方向感覚の修正、新しいバスとタクシーの導入、車のヘッドライトの向きの調整
- (※以上7つの中から5つ挙げればよい)
- (3) 1978年に通行帯の変更があったので、1977年は車を新たに買うのに適した年ではなかった。
- (4) 2017年

問 2

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
×	○	×	×

問 3

(1)	(2)
ウ	エ

3

問 1

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
least	called (または named)	good	Sounds
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
have (または take)	large	paying (または buying)	change

問 2

イ

問 3

ウ

## 【解答例 1】

I think that cultural differences become the biggest obstacle. There seem to be two main factors involved: firstly, misunderstandings caused by cultural differences and, secondly, mistrust brought about by these misunderstandings.

In order to solve this problem, I would like to suggest three measures we should take. First, we should understand our own culture more deeply. This allows us to see and understand the differences between cultures more clearly. Understanding these differences is the first step in solving any problem that may arise. Secondly, we should respect other cultures if we expect others to respect ours. By showing mutual respect, we can build a good relationship of trust and confidence in working together.

Last but not least, we should enjoy experiencing new cultures and look forward to learning about them. In this way, we can overcome the obstacles to global cooperation which are derived from cultural differences.

**(147 語)**

\* 2月27日(火曜日)の新聞掲載では、【解答例 2】を追加します。